

SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA

MAP LEGEND

- U.S. supported activity in FY22
- Received U.S. support in the past
- Mine-impact free & U.S. supported activity in FY22
- Mine-impact free with past U.S. support



*Countries that received current or past support solely through Global/Multi-country funding.

With support from the United States, South and Central Asian countries are securing weapons and ammunition stockpiles, clearing landmines and unexploded ordnance that threaten civilians, promoting peace and security, and strengthening ties in the region, all of which advances U.S. regional and global security priorities. Humanitarian mine action programs delivered through nongovernmental organizations in Afghanistan continue despite the August 2021 takeover by the Taliban. U.S. assistance is designed to directly benefit Afghan civilians who face the dangers of landmines and explosive remnants of war without aiding the Taliban. Kyrgyzstan and Kazakhstan are addressing the substantial risk from unsecured and deteriorating weapons and ammunition through stockpile reduction and disposal. Tajikistan is a regional leader in landmine clearance and explosive hazard remediation and is successfully managing its aging munitions stockpiles while clearing explosive hazards along its borders and within the central Rasht Valley region. Sri Lanka is dealing with extensive landmines, improvised explosive devices, and unexploded ordnance hazards that endanger civilian security, inhibit livelihoods, and impede the resettlement of communities. U.S. assistance in the region not only removes landmines, improvised explosive devices, and unexploded and abandoned ordnance; demining organizations provide employment and make land safe for farming, which provides a measure of economic and food security.

Since 1993, the U.S. conventional weapons destruction program has invested more than \$727 million in South and Central Asia to secure weapons and ammunition stockpiles, release land to safe and productive use, promote peace and security, and strengthen economic ties in the region, all of which helps to advance U.S. regional and global security priorities.



15,967,148

SQ M LAND RETURNED TO COMMUNITIES



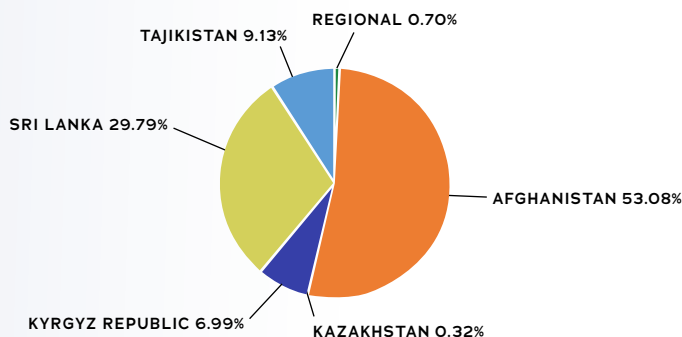
62,057

EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR DESTROYED



51,207

SURVIVOR ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

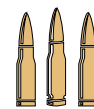


PERCENTAGE OF THE **\$28.6 MILLION** ALLOCATED TO SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA IN FY2022 BY COUNTRY



11,687

LANDMINES DESTROYED



1,150

METRIC TONS OF AMMUNITION DESTROYED



U.S. FUNDING IN FY2022



U.S. FUNDING FY1993-FY2022



67,059

RISK EDUCATION RECIPIENTS

TOTAL U.S. CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS DESTRUCTION FUNDING FY1993–FY2022

(Dollars in thousands)

SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA	FY93-14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	TOTAL
REGIONAL	\$1,647	0	0	413	0	0	0	0	200	2,260
AFGHANISTAN	\$398,563	23,444	32,517	20,634	20,225	21,729	21,162	20,330	15,193	573,797
INDIA	\$300	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	300
KAZAKHSTAN	\$295	0	0		0	0	3,088	0	91	3,474
KYRGYZ REPUBLIC	\$807	400	285	750	750	300	500	2,000	2,000	7,792
NEPAL ¹	\$2,165	167	1,616	420	406	2,162	0	1,587	0	8,523
PAKISTAN	\$832	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	832
SRI LANKA	\$49,737	4,757	3,101	5,697	9,810	2,584	5,679	8,308	8,525	94,873
TAJIKISTAN	\$14,816	2,342	2,656	2,890	2,004	2,525	1,939	4,162	2,612	35,946
UZBEKISTAN	\$99	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	99
TOTAL	\$469,261	31,110	40,175	30,804	33,195	29,300	32,368	36,387	28,621	727,896

1. Countries with activities in FY22 that were solely held through Global/Multi-Country funding, but received direct funding in the past.

U.S. CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS DESTRUCTION PROGRAM FUNDING HISTORY TOTAL BY YEAR

