GENERAL INFORMATION

A0.	Respondent Information (Not for Publication) Name Chris Orem Title Director Office Institutional Research Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country MSC 3803, Harrisonburg, VA 22807 Phone 540-568-7208 Fax 540-568-7846 E-mail Address ask-oir@jmu.edu
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: http://www.jmu.edu/instresrch/cds.shtml
	A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.
A1.	Address Information Name of College or University James Madison University Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 800 S. Main Street, Harrisonburg, VA 22807 Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country Main Phone Number 540-568-6211 WWW Home Page Address www.jmu.edu Admissions Phone Number 540-568-5681 Admissions Toll-free Number Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country Sonner Hall, MSC 0101, Harrisonburg, VA 22807 Admissions Fax Number 540-568-3332 Admissions E-mail Address admissions@jmu.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: www.jmu.edu/admissions/apply/index.shtml If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	 □ Private (nonprofit) □ Proprietary
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	☐ Coeducational college☐ Men's college☐ Women's college
A4.	Academic year calendar
	⊠ Semester
	☐ Quarter ☐ Continuous ☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe):
	Other (describe):

1

A5. Degrees offered by your institution

Postbachelor's certificate
☐ Post-master's certificate
☐ Educational Specialist degree
□ Doctoral degree
research/scholarship
□ Doctoral degree –
professional practice
Doctoral degree other

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2019. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

Please see: https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/pdf/Reporting_Study_Abroad%20Students_5.31.17.pdf

	FULL-TIME		PART-	TIME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	1824	2621	8	2
Other first-year, degree- seeking	315	330	27	62
All other degree-seeking	5712	7970	404	379
Total degree-seeking	7851	10921	439	444
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	8	18	108	106
Total undergraduates	7859	10939	547	550
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	148	419	46	109
All other degree-seeking	123	355	169	349
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	2	1	47	157
Total graduate	273	775	262	615

Total	graduate
Total all unde	rgraduates: <u>19895</u>
Total all grad	uate: <u>1925</u>
GRAND TO	TAL ALL STUDENTS: <u>21820</u>

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2019. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	56	326	384
Hispanic/Latino	320	1373	1381
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	198	951	966
White, non-Hispanic	3363	14713	14839
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	8	22	23
Asian, non-Hispanic	226	925	941
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	7	22	22
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	232	958	963
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	46	365	376
Total	4456	19655	19895

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2018, to June 30, 2019.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	<u>4495</u>
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	716
Post-master's certificates	<u> 19</u>
EDS	10
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	14
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	<u>23</u>
Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2019-20 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2012 and Fall 2013 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

^{*}Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2013 cohort if available. If Fall 2013 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2012 cohort.

Fall 2012 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2012 cohort of first-time, full-				
time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-				
seeking undergraduate students				(formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many				
did not persist and did not graduate for				
the following reasons: deceased,				
permanently disabled, armed forces,				
foreign aid service of the federal				
government, or official church missions;				
total allowable exclusions				(formerly B5)
C - Final 2012 cohort, after adjusting for				
allowable exclusions				(formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many				
completed the program in four years or				
less (by Aug. 31, 2016)				(formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many				
completed the program in more than four				
years but in five years or less (after Aug.				
31, 2016 and by Aug. 31, 2017)				(formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many				
completed the program in more than five				
years but in six years or less (after Aug.				
31, 2017 and by Aug. 31, 2018)				(formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum				
of lines D, E, and F)				(formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2012	%	%	%	%
cohort (G divided by C)				(formerly B11)

Fall 2013 Cohort

F	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
---	--	--	--	--------------------------------------

A - Initial 2013 cohort of first-time, full-	553	839	2807	4199
time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-				
seeking undergraduate students				(formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many	0	0	4	4
did not persist and did not graduate for				
the following reasons: deceased,				
permanently disabled, armed forces,				
foreign aid service of the federal				
government, or official church missions;				
total allowable exclusions				(formerly B5)
C - Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for	553	839	2803	4195
allowable exclusions				(formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many	337	568	1973	2878
completed the program in four years or				
less (by Aug. 31, 2017)				(formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many	104	110	384	598
completed the program in more than four				
years but in five years or less (after Aug.				
31, 2017 and by Aug. 31, 2018)				(formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many	9	14	33	56
completed the program in more than five				
years but in six years or less (after Aug.				
31, 2018 and by Aug. 31, 2019)				(formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum	450	692	2390	3532
of lines D, E, and F)				(formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2013	81.4%	82.5%	85.3%	%
cohort (G divided by C)				(formerly B11)

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2016 cohort if available. If 2016 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2015 cohort

2016 Cohort
B12. Initial 2016 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2016 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:

B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than | **B17.** Completers of programs of at least two but less than

four years (total):	four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:
B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) institution as freshmen in Fall 2018 (or the preceding sur of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment.	nmer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

A	~l: ~	tiana.	
ΑD	DHC	ations	

Applications	
C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2019 who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed a of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-liand admission.	19. Include early decision, early action, and students d include only those students who fulfilled the actionable applications) and who have been notified nent on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	9473 14105
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	<u>6752</u> <u>11345</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolle Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolle	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requestions on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Ye If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2019 admissions:	es □ No
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	3169 224 260
Is your waiting list ranked? No If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?	
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	n requirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-p	preparatory program for degree-seeking students?
	

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		4
English		4
Mathematics		3
Science		3
Of these, units that must be lab		3-5
Foreign language		2
Social studies		2
History		
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

Visual/Performing Arts				
Other (specify)				
Basis for Selection C6. Do you have an open admission policy	, under which virtually all	secondary school gr	aduates or students	with GED
equivalency diplomas are admitted wit check which applies:				
Open admission policy as described ab Open admission policy as described ab selective admission for out-of-st selective admission to some pro- other (explain)	pove for most students, but ate students grams			
C7. Relative importance of each of the fo degree-seeking (freshman) admission		Important	in your first-time, Considered	Not Considered
A. J. J.	very important	important	Constact cu	1101 Considered
Academic Rigor of secondary school record	\bowtie			
Class rank		H	H	
Academic GPA	\bowtie	H	H	
Standardized test scores		H	\bowtie	H
Application Essay	H	H		H
Recommendation	H	H		H
Nonacademic				
Interview				\bowtie
Extracurricular activities	Ħ	Ħ	\square	Ä
Talent/ability	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ
Character/personal qualities	Ħ	Ħ	Ä	\square
First generation	Ħ	Ħ	\square	Ħ
Alumni/ae relation	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ
Geographical residence	Ħ	Ħ	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Ħ
State residency	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ
Religious affiliation/commitment	Ħ	Ħ	Ä	\square
Racial/ethnic status	Ħ	Ħ	\square	Ħ
Volunteer work	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ
Work experience	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ
Level of applicant's interest				$\overline{\boxtimes}$

C8. Entrance exams					
A. Does your institution make use of SA' degree-seeking applicants? ☐ Yes	Γ, ACT, or No	SAT Subject Te	est scores in admis	ssion decisions fo	r first-time, first-year
If yes, place check marks in the appropria Fall 2021.	ate boxes b	elow to reflect y	our institution's p	olicies for use in	admission for
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests					\boxtimes
ACT with writing required					
ACT with writing recommended. X_ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recom X_SAT with or without ESSAY component C. Please indicate how your institution w	AT in admi the following Inmended onent accep	ng applies (regar	dless of whether t	he Essay score w	ill be used in the
X ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recommendation.	AT in admi the following Inmended onent accep	ng applies (regar	ay component; ch	he Essay score w	ill be used in the
_X_ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): SAT with Essay component requiredSAT with ESSAY component recom_X_SAT with or without ESSAY component C. Please indicate how your institution w	AT in admi the following Inmended onent accep	ng applies (regar	ay component; ch	he Essay score w	ill be used in the
ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recom X SAT with or without ESSAY component recom To Please indicate how your institution we for admission	AT in admi the following Inmended onent accep	ng applies (regar	ay component; ch	he Essay score w	ill be used in the
ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recommend. X SAT with or without ESSAY component. C. Please indicate how your institution was admission. For admission.	AT in admi the following Inmended onent accep	ng applies (regar	ay component; ch	he Essay score w	ill be used in the
ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recommend. X SAT with or without ESSAY component recommend. C. Please indicate how your institution was admission. For admission For placement For advising	AT in admithe following the fo	ng applies (regar	ay component; ch	he Essay score w	ill be used in the
ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recom X SAT with or without ESSAY component recom To Please indicate how your institution we recome admission For admission For placement For advising In place of an application ess	AT in admithe following the fo	sted SAT or ACT ess SAT es	ay component; ch	he Essay score w	ill be used in the
_X_ACT with or without writing accept If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of admissions process):SAT with Essay component requiredSAT with ESSAY component recom_X_SAT with or without ESSAY component recom_X_SAT with or without ESSAY component recom_X_SAT with or without ESSAY componentSAT withSAT w	AT in admithe following the fo	sted SAT or ACT ess SAT es	ay component; ch	he Essay score w	ill be used in the

F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are

9

E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission <u>Jan 15</u>
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission_____

not required of some students):

G.	Please indicate which	h tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):
	SAT	
	ACT	
	SAT Subject Tests	
	AP	
	CLEP	
	Institutional Exam	
	State Exam (specify)	:

Freshman Profile

Provide information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2019, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2019 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example:

- If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).
- If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

Percent submitting SAT scores	<u>62</u>	Number submitting SAT scores	<u>2765</u>
Percent submitting ACT scores	<u>15</u>	Number submitting ACT scores	<u>662</u>

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25th percentile (the score that 25 percent of the freshman population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

Assessment	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
	Score	Score
SAT Composite	1130	1280
SAT Evidence-Based	570	650
Reading and Writing		
SAT Math	550	640
ACT Composite	23	28
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		_

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

Score	SAT Evidence-Based	SAT Math
Range	Reading and Writing	
700-800	7.85	6.44
600-699	52.41	42.10
500-599	37.25	47.56
400-499	2.50	3.80
300-399	0	.11
200-299	0	0
	100%	100%

Score Range	SAT Composite
1400-1600	4.74
1200-1399	49.58
1000-1199	43.25
800-999	2.42
600-799	0
400-599	0
	100%

Score Range	ACT	ACT English	ACT Math
	Composite		
30-36	14.35		
24-29	54.23		
18-23	29.46		
12-17	1.96		
6-11	0		
Below 6	0		
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating <u>class</u>	<u> 17.6</u>		
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	33.4		
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	<u> </u>	Top half + bottom half = 100% .	
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	<u> </u>	\int 1 op nall + bottom nall = 100%.	
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	ss <u>.5</u>		
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students	s who submi	itted high school class rank:	<u>56</u>

NOTE: From 2013-14 forward James Madison University will no longer report GPA data (C11 and C12).

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99 Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	Percent who had GPA of 4.0	
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99	
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	
	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
1009	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	
		100%

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:				
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students wh	o submitted h	nigh school GPA:%		
Admission Policies				
C13. Application fee				
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$70	⊠ Yes	□ No		
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	⊠ Yes	□No		
If you have an application fee and an on-line application opt Same fee:X Free:	ion, please in	ndicate policy for students who apply on-line:		
Reduced:				
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with fin	ancial need?	Yes		
C14. Application closing date				
Does your institution have an application closing date? Application closing date (fall):	⊠ Yes	□ No		
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms of	her than the	fall? ⊠ Yes □ No		
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fil	l in one only)			
On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): Jan for EA, April 1 for RD Other:				
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)				
Must reply by (date): <u>May 1</u>				
No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified ther Other:	eafter			
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): <u>NA</u>				
Amount of housing deposit: Refundable if student does not enroll?				
Yes, in full Yes, in part No				
C10 Defended about 1 and 1 and 1		11 4 6 1 9		
 C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students 	s to postpone	enrollment after admission?		
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before				
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Ini	tiated during	2006-2007 cycle)		
Early Decision and Early Action Plans				

C21	be notified of a	an admission dec	stitution offer an early dec vision well in advance of the time, first-year (freshman)	he regular notification dat	te and that asks stud	
	If "yes," please	e complete the fo	ollowing:			
		arly decision planarly decision plan	n closing date n notification date			
		cision plan closi cision plan notif				
	For the Fall 2	019 entering cla	iss:			
			cations received by your i under early decision plan		_	
	Please provide	significant deta	ils about your early decision	on plan:		
	in advance of t ☑ Yes ☐ If "yes," please	the regular notification. No ecomplete the formula is the complete the co				ssion decision well
	Early action of Early action no	_	<u>Nov 1</u> <u>Jan 15</u>			
Is y	our early action	plan a "restricti	ve" plan under which you	limit students from apply	ying to other early p	olans?
	☐ Yes	No				
			D. TRANSFE	R ADMISSION		
Fal	l Applicants					
	(If no, please If yes, may tr at other colle	skip to Section I ansfer students e ges/universities?	ansfer students? Yes E) earn advanced standing cre Yes No es who applied, were admi	dit by transferring credits		-
		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants]	
	Men	704	440	342		
	Women	706	510	392		
	Total	1410	950	734	J	
Apj	plication for	Admission				
D3.	Indicate terms	s for which trans Winter		Summer		
D4.	⊠ Yes □	No	a minimum number of cr	•		

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript	X				
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement		X			
Interview					X
Standardized test scores					X
Statement of good standing					X
from prior institution(s)					

B. List any other	application requiremer	nts specific to transfe	er applicants:		
			date reply dates for tran		lications are
viewed on a cont	nuous or rolling basis,	, place a check mark	in the "Rolling admiss	ion'' column.	
	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling
Fall	March 1				Admission
Winter	IVILLION 1				
Spring	October 1				
	February 1 admission policy, if retional requirements for		nsfer students? Yes	⊠ No	
0. Does an open 1. Describe addi	admission policy, if re			⊠ No	
0. Does an open 1. Describe addi	admission policy, if retional requirements for	r transfer admission,			
1. Describe addi ransfer Credit 2. Report the lov 3. Maximum nur	admission policy, if retional requirements for Policies west grade earned for a more of credits or countries.	r transfer admission,	if applicable:	:: <u>C</u>	
1. Describe addi ansfer Credit 2. Report the love	admission policy, if retional requirements for Policies west grade earned for a more of credits or countries.	r transfer admission,	if applicable:	:: <u>C</u>	
2. Report the lov Number Number No	admission policy, if retional requirements for Policies vest grade earned for a mber of credits or cour max Uni	r transfer admission, any course that may rses that may be tran t typeCredit	if applicable:	:: <u>C</u> r institution:	
ansfer Credit 2. Report the lov Number No	admission policy, if retional requirements for Policies vest grade earned for a mber of credits or cour max Unitional requirements for cour max Uniting the policies of credits or cour moder of credits or cour	r transfer admission, any course that may rses that may be tran t typeCredit	be transferred for credit	:: <u>C</u> r institution:	
1. Describe addi ansfer Credit 2. Report the lov 3. Maximum nur NumberNo 4. Maximum nur NumberNo	admission policy, if retional requirements for Policies vest grade earned for a mber of credits or cour max United the United States of Cour max United States or Cour max Un	r transfer admission, any course that may rses that may be tran t type <u>Credit</u> rses that may be tran t type <u>Credit</u>	be transferred for credit	r institution:	gree: <u>NA</u>

Military Service Transfer Credit Policies

D18. Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:
American Council on Education (ACE) College Level Examination Program (CLEP) DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST) Yes No Yes No
D19. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on military education evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE):
Number No max Unit type Credit
D20. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on Department of Defense supported prior learning assessments (College Level Examination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):
Number No max Unit type Credit
D21. Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies published on your website? ⊠ Yes □ No
If yes, please provide the URL where the policy can be located: http://catalog.jmu.edu
D22. Describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to your institution:We evaluate the DD214. JMU gives credit for defense language.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

it your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
conors program dependent study ternships beral arts/career combination udent-designed major udy abroad eacher certification program feekend college
plete some course work prior to graduation:
ities matics ophy es (biological or physical) science inking
NT LIFE
seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates First-time, first-year Undergraduate
(freshman) students 24

rz.	Activities offered identify those	e programs available at	your institution.
	 	 ☑ Literary magazing ☑ Marching band ☑ Model UN ☑ Music ensembles ☑ Musical theater ☑ Opera ☑ Pep band 	
	△ Jazz band	Pep band	△ 1 earbook
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coo	peration with Reserve (Officers' Training Corps)
	Army ROTC is offered: ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institu	ntion (name):	
	Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	ntion (name):	
	Air Force ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	ntion (name): Universit	y of Virginia
F4.	Housing: Check all types of colinstitution.	lege-owned, -operated,	or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your
	☐ Coed dorms☐ Men's dorms☐ Women's dorms☐ Apartments for marri☐ Apartments for single	Sp ⊠ Fraged students □ Cc with the students □ Th □ W	ecial housing for disabled students ecial housing for international students atternity/sorority housing * poperative housing teeme housing ellness housing
	Other housing option	s (specify): * Fraternit	ies are located off-campus

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

	se provide the URL of your inww.jmu.edu/financialaid/calcu							
Provide 2 institution	020-2021 academic year costs n.	of attendance for th	e following categori	es that are applicable	e to your			
appro	Check here if your institution's 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance will be available: _BOV Spring Meeting							
List the acade hour of June; Room include	the typical tuition, required fees, emic year (30 semester hours or cost by number of credits). A furnitually equated to two semester and board is defined as doubled to only charges that all full-time ty fees.) Do <i>not</i> include optional	and room and board to 45 quarter hours for in all academic year referrs, two trimesters, three occupancy and 19 meets tudents must pay the	for a full-time undergonstitutions that derivers to the period of time equarters, or the period per week or the part are <i>not</i> included in	e annual tuition by mu ne generally extending riod covered by a four maximum meal plan. l	Itiplying credit from September to -one-four plan. Required fees			
		2019-		2020-				
-	PRIVATE INSTITUTION	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRAD	UNDERGRAD	SENIORS			
-	Tuition: PUBLIC INSTITUTION							
	Tuition: In-district:							
	In-state (out-of-district):	7250	6620	7250	6620			
	Out-of-state:	24150	23834	24150	23834			
	NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:							
	REQUIRED FEES:	4956	4956	5080	5080			
	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	10500	10582	11348	11348			
	ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	5428	5510	5508	5508			
	BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	5072	5072	5840	5840			
fee	Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):							
Otl	ner: _ College of Business Tuiti	on Differential \$50; N	Jursing Tuition Diffe	rential \$90_				
G2. Num	ber of credits per term a stude	ent can take for the s	tated full-time tuiti	on <u>12 minimu</u>	ım <u>19</u> maximum			
G3. Do tu	nition and fees vary by year of	study (e.g., sophomo	ore, junior, senior)?	Yes	⊠ No			
G4. Do tu	nition and fees vary by underg	raduate instructiona	l program?	Yes _	No			
	at percentage of full-time und vide the estimated expenses fo				G1?			

18

	2019-2020			2020-2021			
	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)	
Books and supplies:	1056	1056	1056	1056	1056	1056	
Room only:			5510			5508	
Board only:		5072	5072		5840	5840	
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for							
Transportation:	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	
Other expenses:	1968	1968	1968	1968	1968	1968	

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

	2019-2020 First Year	2019-2020 Undergraduates	2020-2021 First Year	2020-2021 Undergraduates
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:				
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	241	220	241	220
In-state (out-of-district):				
Out-of-state:	788	777	788	777
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:				

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2018-2019 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2018-2019 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

icate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below: 2019-2020 estimated or 2018-2019 final	
nich needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3	3)
_ Federal methodology (FM)	
Institutional methodology (IM)	
Both FM and IM	

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants	-	
Federal	13,902,067	0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	10,504,778	150,000
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	12,744,283	6,282,707
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	3,288,708	308,533
Total Scholarships/Grants	40,439,836	6,741,240
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	21,233,504	50,153,071
Federal Work-Study	895,798	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	0	14,826,067
Total Self-Help	22,129,293	64,979,138
Parent Loans	0	49,290,613
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	0	0
Athletic Awards	0	7,569,069

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	arso be counted as run-time undergraduates.	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2019 cohort)	4,324	18,320	1,250
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	3,972	11,213	574
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	1,988	7,508	441
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	1,722	6,853	362
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1,203	4,231	263
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1,347	4,769	215
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	157	613	11
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>)	1,493	4,995	172
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	35%	37%	57%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$10,649	\$9,333	\$7,604
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$8,341	\$7,604	\$6,138
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$3,515	\$4,316	\$4,242
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3,462	\$4,219	\$4,228

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time	Full-time	Less Than
		Full-time	Undergrad	Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were	85	231	4
	awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude			
	those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and			
	grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$7,105	\$5,954	\$1,270
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-	113	372	22
	need-based athletic scholarship or grant			
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic			
	scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$23,322	\$24,568	\$11,785

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5. Include:

- * 2019 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- students who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- parent loans
- * students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree.
- H4. Provide the number of students in the 2019 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019. Exclude students who transferred into your institution. 3,863

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

Source/Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per-undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
a) Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	1,978	51%	\$28,554
b) Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	1,873	48%	\$20,552
c) Institutional loan programs.	N/A	N/A %	\$ N/A
d) State loan programs.	N/A	N/A %	\$ N/A
e) Private student loans made by a ban or lender.	k 492	13%	\$36,553

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.) H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ 18,461 Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ 2,030,714 H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit: Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other: **Process for First-Year/Freshman Students** H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit: **FAFSA** Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement **H9.** Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students: Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: March 1st Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): **H10.** Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

a.) Students notified on or about (date):

H11. Indicate reply dates:

b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: **yes**/no If yes, starting date: April 1st

Students must reply by (date): or within $\frac{4}{2}$ weeks of notification.

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12. Loans

\boxtimes	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. Sch	nolarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship
	Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X	X	Leadership
X		Alumni affiliation	X	X	Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X	X	State/district residency
		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families belo							
certain income level please provide details below:							

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2019. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	1070	522	1592
b.) Total number who are members of	130	53	195
minority groups			
c.) Total number who are women	539	289	828
d.) Total number who are men	531	233	764
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens	29	8	37
(international)			
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other	816	137	953
terminal degree			
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a	231	266	497
master's but not a terminal master's			
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a	11	62	73
bachelor's			
i.) Total number whose highest degree is	12	57	69
unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and			
i must sum up to item a.)			
j.) Total number in stand-alone	8	0	8
graduate/professional programs in which			
faculty teach virtually only graduate-level			
students			

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2019 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2019 Student to Faculty ratio: 16 to 1 (based on _____ students and _____ faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

2-9

10-19

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2019 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2019. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

30-39

50-99

100 +

Total

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers) 20-29

SECTIONS	360	/03	1131	309	232	212	132	3,423
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	30	88	164	19	4	1	1	307
SECTIONS								

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and				3
conservation				
Architecture				4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
Communication/journalism			8.77	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information			5.05	11
sciences				
Personal and culinary services				12
Education				13
Engineering			1.38	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and			.79	16
linguistics				
Family and consumer sciences			.60	19
Law/legal studies			1.31	22
English			2.05	23
Liberal arts/general studies			5.27	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			4.40	26
Mathematics and statistics			1.45	27
Military science and military				28 and 29
technologies				
Interdisciplinary studies			3.29	30
Parks and recreation			5.32	31
Philosophy and religious studies			.33	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			1.80	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			4.92	42
Homeland Security, law				43
enforcement, firefighting, and				
protective services				
Public administration and social			3.07	44
services				
Social sciences			8.39	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials				49
moving				

Visual and performing arts			4.83	50
Health professions and related			19.53	51
programs				
Business/marketing			16.42	52
History			1.18	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- *Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- *Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- *Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- *Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- *Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.