When	What & Where								
9:00-10:00	Registration								
	2nd floor hallway								
	Welcome								
10:00 - 10:10		Dr. David Carothers (JMU)							
			2301						
		Opening Talk							
10:10 - 11:00		Dr. Karen Sax	e (American l	Mathematical Society	7)				
	2301								
	Parallel Session I								
11:15 - 11:30	Frederick	REU panel	Wagner	Crank	Olorode				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
	Parallel Session II								
11:35 - 11:50	Bezbaruah	baruah Grad Panel Shi Sawyer		Sawyer	Sathe				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
	Parallel Session III								
11:55 - 12:10	Hain	Grad Panel	Xu	Goodrich	Lefler				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
	Parallel Session IV								
12:15 - 12:30	Venkat	Saxe	Gransbury	Baldridge	Engelbrecht				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
12:30-1:45	5 Lunch and Poster Session								
	Hallway								
	Parallel Session V								
1:45-2:00	Baxley	Saxe	Morris	Luo	Gontmacher				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
	Parallel Session VI								
2:05-2:20	Schmelling	Career Panel	Kumar	Hamakiotes	Ding				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
			Parallel Sessi	on VII	L				
2:25-2:40	Padgett	Career Panel	Valencia	Castellano-Macias	King				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
		- - -	Parallel Sessi	on VIII					
2:45-3:00	. Finlay	REU Panel	Yan	Ahrens	Matthews				
	1204	1208	1209	1210	2210				
	Afternoon tea								
3:05 - 3:25	15 - 3:25 Hallway								
3:30-3:45	Prize session								
	2301								
	Closing Talk								
3:50 - 4:40	Dr. David Richeson (Dickinson College)								
	2301								

#### SUMS 2019 TIMETABLE

If you registered online, you should pick up your name tag at the registration table. If you still need to register, please do so at the same table.

Poster presenters should take their posters to room EnGeo 2201 for check in.

Be sure to come to the Prize Session at the end of the day; all presenters and volunteers will be awarded prizes!

### 10:00 - 10:10 Opening Remarks

auditorium 2301

Join Dr. David Carothers, JMU Department of Mathematics and Statistics, and the conference organizers as we welcome you to the SUMS 2019 extravaganza.

#### 10:10 - 11:00 Opening Address

auditorium 2301



## Gerrymandering and a redistricting outlook for 2020

Karen Saxe

#### Director of Government Relations for the American Mathematical Society

Every ten years each state redraws its congressional district maps. Many map-makers are accused of partisan gerrymandering, and these challenges have been gaining traction in our courts, including in the Supreme Court. This talk will give background redistricting on how is done bv update on how mathematics the states. an and statistics is being called on by the courts their deliberations. and what in changes to for look when the states start drawing in2020.

#### 1204 Using Circulant Matrices for Sharing Secret Matrices Hannah Frederick, University of Mary Washington

We demonstrate a method for sharing matrices from the non-abelian group of invertible matrices over a finite field by conjugating by elements from the abelian subgroup of circulant matrices. We then count the number of invertible circulants and show this increases exponentially in the dimension of the matrices.

#### 1208 Panel Session on REUs and Summer Programs

David Duncan, REU mentor, James Madison University Asimina Hamakiotes, Macaulay Honors at Baruch College Dylan King, Wake Forest University Wesley Engelbrecht, James Madison University Want to learn more about Research Experience for Undergraduates programs and other summer opportunities in mathematics? Come ask this panel of students and faculty your questions!

#### 1209 **Two Lotka-Volterra Systems with Nonlinear Competition** Grant Wagner, James Madison University

We examine two modifications of the classical Lotka-Volterra competitive equations to account for nonlinear interspecific and intraspecific interactions, by performing a complete analysis of the critical points of both systems. Interesting new behavior can be seen in our second model.

#### 1210 Dynamical System of an Analog to the 3n + 1 Problem Kyler Crank, St. Mary's College of Maryland

This project analyzes a modulo 3 analog of the 3n+1 problem, also known as the Collatz conjecture. In this paper, we analyze the characteristics of this analog with respect to preimages in this dynamical system. We show that all first order preimages are determined by the input's congruence class modulo 8.

# 2210 Effects of edge subdivision on the cop number of a graph Oluwadamilola Olorode, Rutgers University - New Brunswick Abigail Preiwisch, Franciscan University of Steubenville Cops and Robber is a two-player complete information game played on discrete graph. We investigate how the cop number is affected by subdividing edges. In particular, for each positive integer <math>k, we construct a graph with cop number one that becomes cop number at least k after edge subdivision.

#### 1204 Plasmon Polariton on Graphene

Manaswinee Bezbaruah, Texas A&M University

A plasmon is a quantum of plasma oscillation, which are oscillations of electron density. Plasmons have a high confinement at the graphene surface, and graphene plasmons are potentially more cost-effective than plasmons on traditional noble metals. We tried to simulate the propagation of a plasmon on a graphene sheet.

#### 1208 Panel Session on Graduate School in Math & Stats

John Harnois, University of Virginia

Zev Woodstock, North Carolina State University Noah Watson, Georgetown University

What is graduate school really like? How do you apply? What schools should you consider? How important is the GRE subject test? Find out from this panel of grad students!

#### 1209 Maximum Potential of Rotational Grazing

Jessica Shi, Jamestown High School

Rotational grazing is a popular sustainable farming practice in which the animals are moved between paddocks. Agent-based modeling is used in a computer simulation, created in NetLogo, to show the dynamical change and interaction of the cows and the grass in different paddock situations and rotation periods over time.

#### 1210 An Investigation of Midy Sequences in Sequences of Exponents

#### Simon Sawyer, Bridgewater College

Countless patterns exist within our number systems, and we will never discover all of them. This research uncovers a numeric pattern originally found in fractions that also exists within sequences of exponents and explains everywhere that it appears in the base 10 number system.

#### 2210 Computing and Visualizing Graphs of Vertex Colorings Aalok Sathe, University of Richmond

Wesley Su, University of Richmond

The k-coloring graph of graph G is the graph of proper k-colorings of G with edges between colorings with Hamming distance 1. We write software to construct and visualize k-coloring graphs to aid in the study of their connectivity properties.

#### 1204 Companion Matrices for Recursively Defined Polynomials Tyler Hain, James Madison University

Given a degree n monic polynomial p(z), a companion matrix for p is an  $n \times n$  matrix A such that det(zI-A) = p(z). In this talk, we'll discuss iterative methods for constructing companion matrices for recursively defined monic polynomials and explore applications of these matrices.

#### 1208 Panel Session on Graduate School in Math & Stats John Harnois, University of Virginia

Zev Woodstock, North Carolina State University Noah Watson, Georgetown University

What is graduate school really like? How do you apply? What schools should you consider? How important is the GRE subject test? Find out from this panel of grad students!

#### 1209 **Population Dynamics of the Blue Crab in Chesapeake Bay** Fangming Xu, College of William and Mary

A dynamic population model is built for blue crab in Chesapeake Bay using ordinary differential equations. Factors such as reproduction, cannibalism and predation are considered, trying to predict the long term stable state. This model would be useful to show the effects of disease, climate change and over-harvesting.

#### 1210 Verifying a representation of the Erdös-Straus Conjecture Olivia Goodrich, University of Virginia

Using a computer algorithm, my research verifies the existence of coprime natural numbers a, b such that 4ab divides p(a+b)-1 for the first 50,000 prime numbers p. Such pairs generate individual solutions to the Erdös-Straus conjecture, and the program steps suggest similar approaches for extensions of the conjecture.

#### 2210 Counting Single Small Atom Numerical Semigroups and Sets

#### Jessica Lefler, Slippery Rock University of Pennsylvania

Jeremy Marzuola and Andy Miller proved that approximately 48% of numerical sets with Frobenius number g mapped to numerical semigroups with no small atoms. This research looks at counting the number of numerical sets that will map to numerical semigroups that have a single small atom and methods to count these sets.

#### 1204 Orthogonal Polynomials on the Sierpinski Gasket

Sreeram Venkat, North Carolina State University Shashank Sule, Amherst College Qingxuan (Max) Jiang, Cornell University Xioduo Wang, University of Wisconsin, Madison Building on the theory of Legendre orthogonal polynomials on the Sierpinski Gasket (SG), we develop a theory of Sobolev orthogonal polynomials on SG. We find general recurrence relations connecting the Sobolev polynomials to the Legendre polynomials on SG. Finally, we develop fast computational tools to study SG.

#### 1208 A Conversation with Karen Saxe Karen Saxe, AMS

Join the conversation with Karen Saxe, keynote speaker and Director of Government Relations for the American Mathematical Society.

#### 1209 Approximating Differential Equations Using Quadratic Bases

#### Isabella Gransbury, University of Mary Washington

There are numerous methods to approximate the solution to a differential equation. My research considers using the finite element method to determine a system of polynomials from the weak form of the differential. I also use the weak form as filter to disregard extraneous approximations of the differential equation.

#### 1210 It's Sierpinski time with the RANCID Group

Maia Baldridge, Washington and Lee University

Katie Sue Cones, Washington and Lee University

Do you contemplate coverings of the integers? Dare to dabble in periodicity? Research recurrences? Well, our project - finding new and different types of Sierpinski and Reisel numbers - has all of that and more, plus all the satisfying number theory your heart desires.

#### 2210 Indivisible Sandpiles

#### Wesley Engelbrecht, James Madison University

Graph theory is a mathematical field that may be studied in the abstract sense, or used to model networks and dynamical systems. Sandpiles are one such type of model. We study and classify indivisible sandpiles and give explicit formulas for multiple classes of graphs, including path graphs and complete graphs. **POSTER SESSION:** Students will be near their posters during lunch. Please stop by to see their excellent work! Poster judging will start by 12:40.

**French Word Gender Prediction with Machine Learning** *Ryan Baxley, Old Dominion University* 

**RMSE-MINIMIZING CONFIDENCE INTERVAL** *Kexin Feng, College of William and Mary* 

**Explicit Upper Bounds on the Anti-Waring Numbers** Justin Haenel, University of Vermont Carson Wood, Clemson

Investigating and Modeling Air Resistance in Baseball Tiba Hamza, Prince Edward County High School

Big Data: Compression and Clustering of Leukemia Patient Genomic Profiles Noah Hitchcock, Regent University

**Codes from Difference Sets** Connor Kissane & Calvin Reedy, University of Richmond and Scarlet Sun, University of Richmond

Mean Curvature Zero Surfaces in the Heisenberg Group Brady Knight, Longwood University

Mathematical Modeling for the Opioid Crisis Kirthi Kumar, Thomas Jefferson High School for Science and Technology

**Dimension Formulas for Spaces of Holomorphic Modular Forms** Spencer Martin & William Donahoe, University of Virginia

Analysis on Large Data Set of Prostate Cancer Patients Genetic Information Jehn Osegbe, Virginia State University

Anticommutative Quaternions and The Binomial Theorem Ashley Scurlock, University of Mary Washington

Mathematical Model on trend and prediction of Movie Revenue Susan Shang, College of William & Mary

**Redefining Compactness to Combat Gerrymandering** *Maria Stuebner, Governor's School for Science and Technology* 

United States Metro/Non-Metro Population Model Chase Thibeault & Michael Mullen & and Guinevere Hodge, Hood College

**Technological Rehabilitation for Opioid Addiction Patients** Diego Valencia, Thomas Jefferson High School for Science and Technology

**RANCID Group Explores Spirolateral Graphs and Bounding Boxes** John Coleman Ward, Washington and Lee

#### 1204 French Word Gender Prediction with Machine Learning Ryan Baxley, Old Dominion University

This presentation walks through the mathematics of low-level machine learning as applied to the Natural Language Processing problem of predicting gender in French words. Machine learning novices and veterans alike will benefit from this presentation.

#### 1208 A Conversation with Karen Saxe Karen Saxe, AMS

Join the conversation with Karen Saxe, keynote speaker and Director of Government Relations for the American Mathematical Society.

#### 1209 Building Phylogenetic Networks

Rachel Morris, University of Richmond

We generalize supertree methods for reconstructing evolutionary trees to build phylogenetic networks from complete sets of 4-leaf networks called quarnets. The sequential method begins with a single quarnet adds on one leaf at a time until all leaves have been placed.

#### 1210 Partitions over Real Quadratic Fields

#### David Luo, Emory University

A partition of a positive integer is a way of writing it as a sum of a non-increasing sequence of positive integers. We extend this concept to real quadratic fields K by considering partitions whose parts are in the ring of integers in K. In this talk, we explore properties of these quadratic partitions.

#### 2210 Automorphism Locus of Moduli Space of Rational Functions

Brandon Gontmacher, Stony Brook University Srinjoy Srimani, Brown University

We describe the automorphism locus of the moduli space of degree 3 and degree 4 rational functions. We show conjectural uniform boundedness results on the rational preperiodic structure of several families of functions. In addition, we look at applications of the automorphisms to statistics over finite fields.

## 1204 Similarity for binary data and application to psychological profiles

Tashia Schmelling, James Madison University

Matching patient profiles with theoretical personality disorder profiles as well as clustering patients by profile is explored. To best determine matches, we look at various measures of similarity for binary vectors.

#### 1208 Career & Industry Panel

Mary Morsch, Director JMU Career & Academic Planning Paul Boisen, Department of Defense Brent Wooduff, HashiCorp

What can you do with a math or a statistics degree? What kinds of companies and institutions value your talent? This panel of people has experience using mathematics and statistics outside of academia, so come ask questions!

#### 1209 Mathematical Modeling for the Opioid Crisis

Kirthi Kumar, Thomas Jefferson High School for Science and Technology

Padmanabhan Seshaiyer, George Mason University

Mathematical modeling for drug addiction as an infectious disease can be a novel approach for the opioid crisis. This project explores dynamics of addiction via prescription and social mathematical models. Further analyses are done on these models, along with numerical simulation of each model, and a GUI is developed.

#### 1210 Asymptotic Distribution of the Partition Crank

Asimina Hamakiotes, Macaulay Honors at Baruch College

We prove that the crank is asymptotically equidistributed modulo Q, for any odd number Q. To prove this, we obtain effective bounds on the error term from Rolon's asymptotic estimate for the crank function. We then use those bounds to prove the surjectivity and strict log-subadditivity of the crank function.

#### 2210 Uniformly Sparse Graphs

Wenxuan Ding, College of William and Mary Yuqiao Li, College of William and Mary Abigail Eget, James Madison University

Uniformly sparse (US) graph is an interesting class of graphs whose adjacency matrices are equivalent to some matrix with off-diagonal entries 1. This diagonal equivalence preserves rank, which makes the calculation of maximum geometric multiplicity easier. Also, trees are a subset of US graphs.

#### 1204 Eguchi-Hanson Double Copy

Michael Padgett, James Madison University

Out of the many tools we have to study space-time geometries, the one that I want to study is a theory known as Double Copy. This suggests that there exists a duality between gravity and gauge theory. This allows us to find a gauge theory in one geometry and connect it with a gravity solution in another geometry.

#### 1208 Career & Industry Panel

Mary Morsch, Director JMU Career & Academic Planning Adam Diehl, Department of Defense Brent Woodruff, HashiCorp

What can you do with a math or a statistics degree? What kinds of companies and institutions value your talent? This panel of people has experience using mathematics and statistics outside of academia, so come ask questions!

#### 1209 **Technological Rehabilitation for Opioid Addiction Patients** Diego Valencia, Thomas Jefferson High School for Science and Technology

Padmanabhan Seshaiyer, George Mason University

The goal of this project is to develop a discrete, wearable device that determines whether a recovering opioid addict is having a response to a stressor, indicating the potential for a relapse event. Machine learning was used to perform data analysis that evaluated Heart Rate Variability (HRV) from just the heart rate.

## 1210 The tunnel number of all 11 and 12 crossing alternating knots

#### Felipe Castellano-Macias, Northeastern University

Using exhaustive techniques and results from Lackenby and many others, we compute the tunnel number of all 1655 alternating 11 and 12 crossing knots. We also use these methods to compute the tunnel number of 142 non-alternating 11 and 12 crossing knots.

#### 2210 **The Distribution of Sumset Size for Nonuniform Subsets** Dylan King, Wake Forest University

Given 0 , we examine the random variable <math>|A + A|, where each integer from 0 to n - 1 is included in A with probability p. Previously, Lazarev and others computed the expected value of |A + A| for the case p = 0.5. We extend the framework developed there to handle any choice of p, computing the expected value in general.

## 1204 An Efficient R Package for Bivariate Interval-Censored Data

Hailey Finlay, James Madison University

Interval-censored data commonly arise in many clinical and health-related studies. This work focuses on creating an R package for a recently developed method to analyze bivariate interval-censored data. Simulation studies show that the R package is computationally efficient, numerically robust, and performs well.

#### 1208 Panel Session on REUs and Summer Programs

Edwin O'Shea, REU mentor, James Madison University David Luo, Emory University Abigail Eget, James Madison University

Want to learn more about Research Experience for Undergraduates programs and other summer opportunities in mathematics? Come ask this panel of students and faculty your questions!

## 1209 Population Biology, Pest Management and Cooperative game

Ran Yan, University of Richmond

Tengjie Tang, University of Richmond

This project focused on population dynamics, dispersion, management, and cooperation among parties addressing the problems posed by invasive species. Source material for the project focused on the Potato Tuber Moth which affects crop yields severely.

#### 1210 Minimal Surfaces and Their Geometric Interpretations Benjamin Ahrens, University of Mary Washington

Corinne Rydgren, University of Mary Washington

We will first introduce various concepts of surfaces. Then we will compute the first and second fundamental forms, as well as the Gaussian and mean curvatures. A minimal surface occurs when the mean curvature of that surface equals zero. We will then sketch and discuss the geometric interpretations of minimal surfaces.

#### 2210 RANCID Group Explores Spirolateral Graphs and Bounding Boxes

Emily Matthews, Washington and Lee University Jacob Kintzing, Washington and Lee University

What started as a simple question, "Where should I (while drawing spirolateral graphs) start so I never run off the page?" began an inquiry into how arithmetic operations on a permutation reveal facts about the bounding box size, center, and other properties of the resulting graph. Hint: it's a pattern finder's dream.

Please join us for tasty treats in the EnGeo fover. This is your last chance to enter the jellybean contest!

#### 3:30 - 3:45 Prize Session

After tea, please join us in the prize session. Speaker awards, poster competition winners, and the candy contest winner will be announced!

3:50 - 4:40 Closing Address

Tales of Impossibility

David Richeson Dickinson College

It is comforting believe this greeting card sentiment; to is the American dream. Yet there are impossible things, and it possible is to prove that thev are this so. In  $\operatorname{talk}$ we will look at most famous impossibility some of the theorems the so-called "problems \_\_\_\_ antiquity." The ancient Greek of geometers and future generations of mathematicians tried and failed to square circles, trisect angles, double cubes, and regular polygons construct using only a compass and straightedge. It took two thousand years to prove conclusively that all four of these are mathematically impossible.

#### 2nd floor hallway



"Nothing is impossible!" it

auditorium 2301

auditorium 2301

### SPONSORS

We would first like to thank the volunteers who make the conference possible! Financial support for the Shenandoah Undergraduate Mathematics and Statistics Conference is provided by: James Madison University's Department of Mathematics and Statistics and Office of Access and Inclusion , Pi Mu Epsilon, the Mathematics and Statistics Club, and Cengage Publishing.





We are extremely grateful for the generous contributions of books, puzzles, games, and other prizes from the sponsors of SUMS:



In order to maintain funding for SUMS, to improve the conference, and to fund student awards in the future, we must show SUMS is meeting its goals. Providing us with the following demographic information and feedback would be greatly appreciated.

Current Positio	n:	□High s □Profes	chool Studer sor	nt	□Undergr □ Other:_	aduat	e Stude	nt	□Gradu	ate Stu	dent,	
Gender:	□Male		□Female,		□Non-Bina	ary	□Othe	r:				
Race/Ethnicity (choose all that apply):				□African American / Black								
□Asian: Filipino	, Hmong	, Vietnaı	mese		□Asian: O	ther		□Hispanic / Latinx				
□Native Americ	an / Alas	skan Nat	ive		Dative Hawaiian / Other Pacific Islander							
□Non-Hispanic	White		□Other:									
Parent's educat □4 Year College	<b>tion:</b> Degree		□Less than H □Profession	High al de	School □I egree, Mas	High S sters o	School or PhD.		□Some	College	2	
In the past, have you participated undergraduate mathematics or statistics research, either as a student or faculty mentor?  PYes												
In the coming y research, eithe	ear will r as a stu	you be l Ident or	ooking to pa faculty men	artici ntor?	pate in ur	n <b>derg</b> ı Yes	raduate	e mathei □No	matics or	statist	ics	
If you are an ur	ndergrad	uate stu	ıdent, do yo	u int	end to go	to gra	ad scho	ol in ma	thematio	cs or sta	atistics?	
□Yes		□No	□Sti	ill De	ciding							
If you presented a poster or gave a talk was this (choose all that apply):												
□Practice for another conference				Required by mentor/for a class								
□To share my w	/ork		□For fun		□For my r	esum	e	□Othe	r:			
In order to attend SUMS did you have to drive for more than 3 hours or fly?  □Yes □No												
Did you have to	o stay ov	ernight	in Harrisonb	ourgî	<b>?</b> □'	Yes		□No				

Additional questions on reverse

#### Rate each of the following statements using the scale:

1	2	3	4	5
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

I felt welcome and comfortable at SUMS	1	2	3	4	5
I met new people in the mathematics and/or statistics community	1	2	3	4	5
I would like to learn more about a topic I heard about today	1	2	3	4	5
I would come back to SUMS	1	2	3	4	5
I would encourage undergraduate students to attend SUMS	1	2	3	4	5
The opening speaker was understandable for undergraduates	1	2	3	4	5
The closing speaker was understandable for undergraduates	1	2	3	4	5

Any other feedback you would like to provide the organizers?