

Federal Register – November 2021

<p>Applications for New Awards; Basic Needs for Postsecondary Students Program, 86 Federal Register 61183, November 5, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: The Basic Needs for Postsecondary Students Program supports IHEs that demonstrate a commitment to developing or enhancing programs that support the basic needs of students. There is growing evidence that food and housing insecurities compromise the well-being of thousands of undergraduate students across the country, which may reduce the odds that they will complete their degrees or certificates. APPLICATIONS AVAILABLE: November 5, 2021 DEADLINE: December 6, 2021</p>
<p>Proposed Collection; Comment Request for the Application for Filing Information Returns Electronically, 86 Federal Register 61399, November 5, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: The Internal Revenue Service, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The IRS is soliciting comments concerning the application for filing information returns electronically (FIRE). COMMENTS DUE: January 4, 2022</p>
<p>Request for Information on Rigorous Research on Interventions That Promote Postsecondary Success, 86 Federal Register 61759, November 8, 2021</p>	<p>REQUEST FOR INFORMATION: The What Works Clearinghouse, a program of the U.S. Department of Education's Institute of Education Sciences, reviews existing research on education policies, programs, products, and practices to provide educators and other key stakeholders the information they need to make evidence-based decisions. Through this request for information (RFI), the What Works Clearinghouse seeks public input to help us find rigorous research on education practices designed to improve postsecondary student success. COMMENTS DUE: December 8, 2021</p>
<p>NSF System of Records, 86 Federal Register 62217, November 9, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: The National Science Foundation (NSF) is creating a new system of records: NSF-77 Data Analytics Application Suite. This system is a vital step in NSF's commitment to maintaining U.S. leadership across all fields of science, technology, engineering, mathematics (STEM), and STEM education, and doing so with efficiency, openness, and transparency. The new system of records will aggregate, link, and analyze information reported by individuals and organizations participating in NSF-supported activities along with published information related to the research enterprise. More comprehensive information on NSF-funded research outcomes and the STEM workforce will advance NSF's understanding of its return on investments and the evolution of the scientific landscape. This system will also enable NSF to uphold the scientific community's core values of openness, transparency, honesty, equity, fair competition, and objectivity. COMMENTS DUE: December 9, 2021</p>
<p>Operation of Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Over People; Technical Amendments, 86 Federal Register 62472, November 10, 2021</p>	<p>TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS: The FAA is making technical amendments to the Operation of Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems over People” final rule, which was published on January 15, 2021. The final rule document inadvertently misnumbered</p>

	<p>regulatory text and used inconsistent language to refer to a process.</p> <p>EFFECTIVE DATE: November 10, 2021</p>
<p>Regulation of Telepharmacy Practice, 86 Federal Register 64096, November 17, 2021</p>	<p>ADVANCED NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING: The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) is issuing this advanced notice of proposed rulemaking to obtain further information regarding the practice of telepharmacy. Telepharmacy is not specifically defined by the Controlled Substances Act (CSA) or DEA regulations; however, to the extent telepharmacies dispense controlled substances, they are under the purview of the CSA and DEA. DEA is considering promulgating regulations regarding telepharmacy and seeks to be fully informed about the practice, industry, and state regulation of telepharmacy.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: January 18, 2022</p>
<p>Electronic Visa Update System (EVUS), 86 Federal Register 64507, November 18, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: On May 31, 2019, the Department of State updated its immigrant and nonimmigrant visa application forms to request additional information, specifically social media identifiers, from most U.S. visa applicants worldwide. As a result, DHS is changing the EVUS application social media data field from optional to mandatory. National security is the top priority when adjudicating EVUS applications, and every prospective traveler to the United States undergoes extensive security screening. CBP is continually working to find mechanisms to improve our screening processes to protect U.S. visitors while supporting legitimate travel to the United States. DHS already requests information on contacts, travel history, and family members from all EVUS applicants. Changing the social media field to mandatory in the EVUS application will enhance our vetting capabilities and assist in confirming applicants' identities. While the field is Start Printed Page 64508 mandatory, applicants will still have the ability to select "none".</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: January 18, 2022</p>
<p>Arrival and Departure Record, Nonimmigrant Visa Waiver Arrival/Departure, Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA), 86 Federal Register 64507, November 18, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: Forms I-94 (Arrival/Departure Record) and I-94W (Nonimmigrant Visa Waiver Arrival/Departure Record) are used to document a traveler's admission into the United States. These forms are filled out by non-immigrants and are used to collect information on citizenship, residency, passport, and contact information. The data elements collected on these forms enable the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) to perform its mission related to the screening of noncitizen visitors for potential risks to national security and the determination of admissibility to the United States. The Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA) applies to non-immigrants seeking to travel to the United States under the Visa Waiver Program (VWP) and requires that VWP travelers provide information electronically to CBP before embarking on travel to the United States without a visa. Travelers who are entering the United States under the VWP in the air or sea environment, and who have a travel authorization obtained through ESTA, are not required to complete the paper Form I-94W.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: January 18, 2022</p>

<p>Cost of Living Adjustment to Public Broadcasters Compulsory License Royalty Rate, 86 Federal Register 66459, November 23, 2021</p>	<p>FINAL RULE: The Copyright Royalty Judges announce a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to the royalty rate that noncommercial radio stations at certain colleges, universities, and other educational institutions that are not affiliated with National Public Radio must pay for the use in 2022 of published nondramatic musical compositions in the SESAC repertory pursuant to the statutory license under the Copyright Act for noncommercial broadcasting.</p> <p>EFFECTIVE DATE: December 23, 2021</p>
<p>Prescription Drug and Health Care Spending, 86 Federal Register 66662, November 23, 2021</p>	<p>INTERIM FINAL RULE: This document sets forth interim final rules implementing provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code), the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), and the Public Health Service Act (PHS Act), as enacted by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (CAA). These provisions are applicable to group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group or individual health insurance coverage. These interim final rules add provisions to existing rules under the Code, ERISA, and the PHS Act. These interim final rules implement provisions of the Code, ERISA, and PHS Act that increase transparency by requiring group health plans and health insurance issuers in the group and individual markets to submit certain information about prescription drugs and health care spending to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), the Department of Labor (DOL), and the Department of the Treasury (collectively, the Departments). The Departments are issuing these interim final rules with largely parallel provisions that apply to group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group or individual health insurance coverage. The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) is also issuing interim final rules that require Federal Employees Health Benefits (FEHB) carriers to report information about prescription drugs and health care spending in the same manner as a group health plan or health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage.</p> <p>EFFECTIVE DATE: December 23, 2021</p>
<p>IRS Prescription Drug and Health Care Spending, 86 Federal Register 66495, November 23, 2021</p>	<p>PROPOSED RULE: The IRS is issuing temporary regulations (see entry above) that increase transparency by requiring group health plans and health insurance issuers in the group and individual markets to report information about prescription drugs and health care spending to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), the Department of Labor (DOL), and the Department of the Treasury (the Departments). The IRS is issuing the temporary regulations at the same time that the Office of Personnel Management (OPM), the Employee Benefits Security Administration of DOL, and the Office of Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight of HHS are issuing substantially similar interim final rules with a request for comments. The text of those temporary regulations also serves as the text of these proposed regulations.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: January 24, 2022</p>
<p>Truth in Lending (Regulation Z), 86 Federal Register 67851, November 30, 2021</p>	<p>FINAL RULE: Effective January 1, 2022, the exemption threshold amount is increased from \$58,300 to \$61,000. This amount is based on the CPI-W in effect on June 1, 2021, which was</p>

	<p>reported on May 12, 2021 (based on April 2021 data).[9] The CPI-W is a subset of the Start Printed Page 67853 CPI-U index (based on all urban consumers) and represents approximately 29 percent of the U.S. population. The CPI-W reported on May 12, 2021 reflects a 4.7 percent increase in the CPI-W from April 2020 to April 2021. Accordingly, the 4.7 percent increase in the CPI-W from April 2020 to April 2021 results in an exemption threshold amount of \$61,000, after rounding. The Board and the Bureau are revising the commentaries to their respective regulations to add new comment 3(b)-3.xiii to state that, from January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, the threshold amount is \$61,000.</p> <p>EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2022</p>

Virginia Register – November 2021

<p>24VAC35-20, Policy and Procedure Manual, Volume 38, Issue 6, Virginia Register of Regulations, November 8, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: The Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program intends to consider repealing 24VAC35-20, Policy and Procedure Manual, 24VAC35-40, Certification Requirements Manual, and 24VAC35-30, VASAP Case Management Policy and Procedure Manual. The purpose of the proposed action is to repeal the regulation because the majority of the information contained in the current regulation is no longer accurate or applicable. The regulation no longer reflects current agency operational procedures.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: December 8, 2021</p>
<p>9VAC25-194. Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) General Permit Regulation for Vehicle Wash Facilities and Laundry Facilities (amending 9VAC25-194-10, 9VAC25-194-15, 9VAC25-194-40 through 9VAC25-194-70), Volume 38, Issue 6, Virginia Register of Regulations, November 8, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: The existing general permit expires on October 15, 2022, and must be reissued to cover existing and new vehicle wash and laundry discharges. The proposed amendments update definitions, add 5,000 gallons per day as a limit for vehicle wash facilities that discharge a monthly average flow rate less than or equal to 5,000 gallons per day, change the registration deadline to 60 days to be consistent with other general permits due dates and allow for a later date as established by the board, update operations and maintenance manual requirements, and add a requirement to submit electronic registration forms and discharge monitoring reports when these are made available by the department.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: January 7, 2022</p>
<p>13VAC5-51, Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code, Volume 38, Issue 7, Virginia Register of Regulations, November 22, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: Notice is hereby given in accordance with § 2.2-4007.01 of the Code of Virginia that the Board of Housing and Community Development intends to consider amending 13VAC5-51, Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code. The purpose of the proposed action is to update the model codes and standards developed by the International Code Council referenced in the Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code (SFPC) from the 2018 editions to the 2021 editions, which were released in October 2020. The action will also consider amendments to administrative and enforcement provisions of the SFPC as determined necessary for the enforcement of operations and processes relating to fire safety and explosion</p>

	<p>hazards and the maintenance of the fire protection features in buildings by the State Fire Marshal's Office and by local fire prevention agencies. This action is exempt from Article 2 of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) in accordance with § 2.2-4006 A 12 of the Code of Virginia.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: December 22, 2021</p>
<p>13VAC5-63, Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, Volume 38, Issue 7, Virginia Register of Regulations, November 22, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: Notice is hereby given in accordance with § 2.2-4007.01 of the Code of Virginia that the Board of Housing and Community Development intends to consider amending 13VAC5-63, Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code. The purpose of the proposed action is to update the model codes and standards developed by the International Code Council referenced in the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code (USBC) from the 2018 editions to the 2021 editions, which were released in October 2020. The USBC regulates the construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, and conversion of use and maintenance of buildings and structures. This action will also consider amendments to administrative and enforcement provisions of the USBC as determined necessary for local government building departments, which enforce it. This action is exempt from Article 2 of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) in accordance with § 2.2-4006 A 12 of the Code of Virginia.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: December 22, 2021</p>
<p>13VAC5-91, Virginia Industrialized Building Safety Regulations, Volume 38, Issue 7, Virginia Register of Regulations, November 22, 2021</p>	<p>NOTICE: Notice is hereby given in accordance with § 2.2-4007.01 of the Code of Virginia that the Board of Housing and Community Development intends to consider amending 13VAC5-91, Virginia Industrialized Building Safety Regulations. The purpose of the proposed action is to update the model codes and standards developed by the International Code Council referenced in the Virginia Industrialized Building Safety Regulations (IBSR) from the 2018 editions to the 2021 editions. The IBSR must be updated each time the Uniform Statewide Building Code is updated to ensure that industrialized buildings meet the same minimum standards as site-built structures. Industrialized buildings are buildings constructed in a factory or plant for subsequent installation or erection on property in Virginia's cities, counties, or towns. This action will also consider amendments to administrative and enforcement provisions of the IBSR as determined necessary for the administration of the industrialized building program, which is done by the Department of Housing and Community Development's State Building Codes Office. This action is exempt from Article 2 of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) in accordance with § 2.2-4006 A 12 of the Code of Virginia.</p> <p>COMMENTS DUE: December 22, 2021</p>
<p>9VAC20-60, Virginia Hazardous Waste Management Regulations (amending 9VAC20-60-18), Volume 38, Issue 7, Virginia Register of Regulations, November 22, 2021</p>	<p>FINAL REGULATION: The amendments (i) update the citation to Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations incorporated by reference in the regulation to that published July 1, 2021, excluding the provisions of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Increasing Recycling: Adding Aerosol Cans to the</p>

	Universal Waste Regulations, which will be added in a future regulatory update; and (ii) make other technical changes. EFFECTIVE DATE: December 22, 2021